

The background of the cover is a solid teal color. Overlaid on this are several thick, white, geometric lines that form a complex, abstract pattern. The lines are primarily vertical and horizontal, with some L-shaped and T-shaped junctions, creating a grid-like structure with irregular openings. The overall effect is a modern, minimalist design.

**ANNUAL REPORT 1971-72**

**INSTITUTE OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN STUDIES  
SINGAPORE**

## The Institute of Southeast Asian Studies

Established as an autonomous corporation by an Act of the Parliament of the Republic of Singapore in May, 1968, the Institute of Southeast Asian Studies is a regional research centre for scholars and other specialists concerned with modern Southeast Asia. The Institute's research interest is focussed on the many-faceted problems of modernization and social change in Southeast Asia.

The Institute is governed by a 24-member Board of Trustees on which are represented the University of Singapore and Nanyang University, appointees from the Government, as well as representatives from a broad range of professional and civic organizations and groups. A ten-man Executive Committee oversees day-to-day operations; it is *ex officio* chaired by the Director, the Institute's chief academic and administrative office.



# Institute of Southeast Asian Studies

## Annual Report

April 1st 1971 - March 31st 1972

### Introduction

The key-note of the activities of the Institute for the year under review is in the realm of publications. A total of eight **Occasional Papers**, two **Library Bulletins** and two **Trends** monographs were published and distributed. This publication activity, however, was done together with an increase in activities in the other programmes of the Institute, such as seminars and conferences. This report, therefore, sets out to record the activities of the Institute in the year under review and to look ahead to some of its future programmes.

### Board of Trustees

The first Board of Trustees' term of office expired in November 1971 and a new Board was subsequently appointed. Confidence in the members of the original Board together with the willingness by many to serve a second term saw a majority of the original members in the new Board. Mr. David Marshall remains as Chairman. Among the new members is Mr. Eric Khoo Cheng Lock, Executive Director of Neptune Orient Lines, who has been appointed as Deputy Chairman of the Board. (See Appendix I for a complete list of the present Board of Trustees and other Committees).

The new Board held its first meeting on 12th November 1971. To mark the occasion, a special study called **A General Review of the Institute of Southeast Asian Studies for the period 1968-71** was publish-

ed and circulated to both the Board and members of the press. The Review summarised briefly the aims of the Institute and its achievements over the last three years. It also gave a projection of some of its future activities.

The new Board was faced with several major decisions when it assumed office and its term will coincide with the Institute's transformation from infancy — adolescence to maturity as a major centre of scholarship on Southeast Asia.

### Staff

The members of the staff of the Institute reached twenty-eight as the year under review drew to a close. One of the new appointments was that of Mr. Chew Kai Seng, as the Institute's Executive Secretary. Unlike his predecessors, Mr. Chew's appointment is permanent as he is not on secondment from the Civil Service. The period also saw the return of Mr. M. Rajaretnam, Miss Lim So Jean, both from the University of Michigan and Miss Eileen Lim Poh Tin, from the University of Sussex. All three had successfully completed their post-graduate studies abroad and have taken up appointments as Research Officers of the Institute. Their return strengthened the research staff to a complement of six. Two more scholars are still abroad and the Institute looks forward to their return to join in the research activities of the Institute in the near future.

The library staff reached its full professional strength with the return of Miss Tan Sok Joo, from the University of Hawaii in January 1972, after successfully completing her Master of Library Science degree. Miss Quah Swee Lan continued as Assistant Librarian on secondment from the National Library.

On the recommendation of the Librarian, the Executive Committee has approved reorganizational changes in the library staff to place it on a more professional footing.

Members of the Board and the staff of the Institute were saddened by news of the death of Dato Dr. Aw Cheng Chye, late Deputy Chairman of the Board, on August 22nd, 1971 and Professor Harry J. Benda, the first Director of the Institute, on October 26th, 1971. The Institute expressed its deep regret and sympathy to the families of both and noted with appreciation the contributions they had made to the Institute during their brief associations with it. The Board of Trustees also adopted Resolutions expressing their sympathy with the families of both men.

### **Scholarships**

In its efforts to find and train future scholars for staff positions, the Institute sought and found its eighth grantee for scholarship. Miss Ng Shui Meng, an Honours graduate of the Department of Geography of the University of Singapore, was chosen for training in Sociology and Southeast Asian Studies, with an emphasis on Vietnam, at the University of Michigan. Funds to support the scholarship were generously given by the Singapore Turf Club. Miss Ng will be abroad for two years. Part of that time will be spent in Vietnamese language training at the University of Hawaii.

### **Fellowships**

During the year, eight scholars from Southeast Asia were awarded Fellowships at the Institute in order to en-

able them to continue with their independent research projects. Four scholars from outside Southeast Asia but who are doing research on the region were granted Visiting Fellowships. In addition a number of graduate students engaged in writing up their Ph.D. dissertations were also associated with the Institute. The desire to come to the Institute in order to pursue research or to take part in its intellectual life continues to grow and the Institute is in the happy position of selecting from among the best, both in and out of the region. Only the limitation of space for scholars prevents the number from increasing at this time. (See Appendix II for a complete list of Fellows and their research projects).

### **Conferences and Seminars**

During the year the Institute continued with its series of Seminars on Trends in Southeast Asia. On June 19th, 1971, the Institute organised a Seminar on Trends in Malaysia which was attended by 136 participants. On December 11th, 1971, a Seminar on Trends in the Philippines was held which attracted 112 participants. The proceedings of both seminars were published and distributed through our library exchange programme. Copies are also available for sale. (See Appendix III for the list of speakers at the two regional seminars.)

Occasional seminars were also given by both staff and visitors to the Institute. A total of thirty-nine seminars were held and attendance was very high at most of the meetings. Guests included scholars from the two universities, diplomats, journalists and interested members of the public. (The full list of speakers and the subjects they spoke on is given in Appendix IV).

### **International Conference on Southeast Asia**

In keeping with the many political changes which are taking place in Southeast Asia, the Institute began planning for an international Conference on New Directions in the International Relations of Southeast Asia.

The Conference will be held from July 3rd — July 8th, 1972. Approximately thirty overseas and fifteen local delegates will be presenting papers at the Conference.

### **Publications**

As has been mentioned the key-note of the Institute's activities for the year was publications. Altogether eight **Occasional Papers**, two **Library Bulletins** and two monographs were published. Most of the **Occasional Papers** arose from the seminars given at the Institute and have been published in order to disseminate the information to a wider audience. The **Library Bulletins** are a staff series on Southeast Asian librarianship and bibliography. This **Trends** monographs contain the papers and proceedings of the Seminars on Trends in Southeast Asia and were well received. Because of the growing demand for the **Trends** papers, the Institute entered into an agreement with the Singapore University Press to publish the series as a joint product. The first to be published in the new series was the **Trends in the Philippines**. The series will be identified easily by its attractive and distinctive format. Copies are being distributed world wide by Angus and Robertson, the commercial distributors for the Singapore University Press. (The full list of publications of the Institute for reference is given in Appendix V).

During the year the Institute also entered into a publications agreement with Oxford University Press, Kuala Lumpur, to establish a separate series entitled **Institute of Southeast Asian Studies Publications**. Oxford University Press will bear all costs and handle all distribution and sales. Royalties will go to the authors. The Institute's objective is to find and support scholars in Southeast Asia and then bring their work in the region to as wide an audience as possible.

The first manuscript to be published in this series is a monograph by Professor Sartono Kartodirdjo entitled **Protest Movements in Rural Java: a Study of Agrarian**

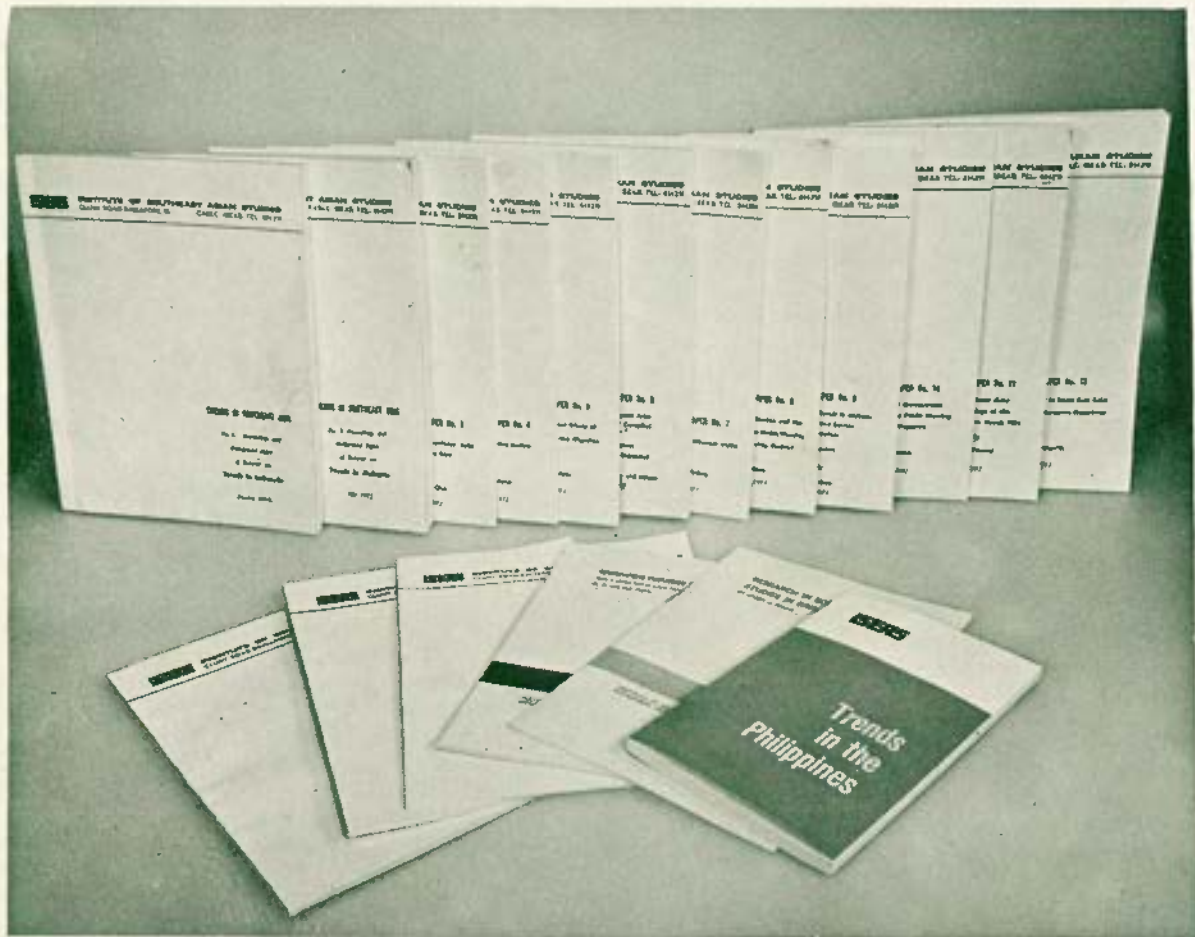
**Unrest in the 19th and 20th Centuries**. Professor Sartono was the Institute's first Fellow and completed the study under its sponsorship. The second manuscript accepted for publication in the series will be the edited papers presented at the Institute's seminar on Modernization in Southeast Asia. Professor Hans-Dieter Evers of the Sociology Department, University of Singapore, was chosen to be the editor during the meeting and he laboured for over a year to develop the manuscript.

Clearly the linkage of the Institute with the two distinguished international presses marks its coming of age in this most important area of scholarship and research.

### **Research Projects**

The year saw the Institute launch its first two major research projects. The first was the study of **Oil Discovery and Technical Change in Southeast Asia** and the second was the **Oral History Project**.

The **Oil Study** grew out of the recommendations made by the **Oil Study Group** formed last year. With a grant from the **Asia Foundation** several projects were initiated. A preliminary bibliography was compiled by Miss Quah Swee Lan and issued as **Library Bulletin** no. 2 but because of the demand for it, a second printing was recently issued. Early in 1972, several of the studies in this project were launched. Two staff members, Miss Eileen Lim Poh Tin and Mr. M. Rajaretnam, are working on separate projects. Miss Lim is engaged in the first phase of her study on a comparative analysis of the management of oil resources in Indonesia and Malaysia. In this phase of her work she is concentrating on the organization and activities of Pertamina. Mr. Rajaretnam is concentrating on the factors which have inhibited the Philippines from developing their off-shore oil resources. Both scholars



went to the countries under study to gather material in pursuit of their research.

A third project in the series is focussed upon the participatory contract between the oil company and the State. Mr. Robert Fabrikant of the Faculty of Law, University of Singapore, is doing this path-breaking study. He is comparing the contractual arrangements employed in Southeast Asia with the concession type agreements used in the Middle East. His purpose is to discover the advantages and disadvantages to both parties under the contract system.

The fourth project is a study of the legal aspects and the practical steps taken to demarcate the sea bed for the purpose of exploration. Two third year law students, Messrs. Vinayak Pradkhan and Cyrus Das, under the direction of Mr. Fabrikant, are undertaking the first phase of this project which is a study of the demarcation of the Straits of Malacca by Indonesia and Malaysia. They will also cover related subjects such as the conflict between unobstructed waterways and the rights to explore the sea bed.

The fifth study, just launched, is an examination of social changes induced by the discovery of oil in areas which traditionally have been farm or fishing villages. Miss Lim So Jean, a staff member of the Institute will make preliminary inquiries in several areas of Singapore, Malaysia and Indonesia looking into the impact of the discovery of oil on the people. It should add greatly to our understanding of the modernizing process when it is completed.

It is hoped the interim reports on all these studies would begin to be available for distribution and sale by the middle of 1972.

The Oral History Project was inaugurated with the appointment of Mr. Gerald de Cruz as the Oral Historian. The period of study will cover the important years of

1945 — 1950 in Singapore's history. In embarking on this project, the Institute has two goals in mind. Firstly, it seeks to recover and preserve the history of the period as remembered by the men and women who participated in them. Secondly, by starting this project, the Institute hopes that other centres of the region may also be encouraged to embark on similar projects so that ultimately there may develop a regional resource bank from which a truly indigenous history of the region can be written.

### Library

The library collection continued expanding at its past rate of growth. Stock figures for material catalogued and processed are as follows:

	1970/71	1971/72
Books & bound periodicals (vols.)	9,151	12,060
Microfilms (reels)	1,034	1,550
Microfiche (fiches)	6,509	15,460
Current serials (titles)	705	860

Of the serial titles, 355 are received on subscription, 190 on exchange and 315 as gifts. The library has exchanges with 126 persons and institutions.

As in the previous year, the most spectacular growth is in microfiches due to the library's participation in the Joint Microfiche Project Indonesia. Microfilms also show substantial growth which points to the importance of microform material for an in-depth research collection. Major purchases included:

Algemeen Indisch dagblad "De Preanger Bode".  
1927 — 57.

Bangkok post, 1953 — April 1971. 131 reels.

Bangkok world. 1969 — 70. 24 reels.

Daily mirror (Manila), 1969. 12 reels.

Dutch East Indies. Volksraad. Handelingen,  
1918 — 1940. Batavia, 1918 — 40. 2944  
microfiches.



- Fookien times, 1962 — 69. Manila. 53 reels.
- The Guardian (Rangoon), 1959 — 69. 26 reels.
- Louw, P.J.F. and C.S. de Klerck — De Java-oorlog van 1825 — 1830. Batavia, 1894 — 1909. 8 vols.
- Philippines (Republic). Official gazette. Sept. 1902 — 68. 119 reels.
- Raffles, Sir Thomas, Stamford. The Raffles-Minto Correspondence, 1808 — 14. 13 reels.
- Rangoon gazette weekly budget, 1887 — 1900. 13 reels.
- Thailand. Royal government gazette. 1946 — 51, June 1952 — 1964. 9 reels.
- Tijdschrift voor het binnenlandsch bestuur, 1888 — 1917. 52 vols.

The library received about 780 items as gifts which are duly acknowledged herewith. The Institute would like to take special note of the following for their gifts and support:

Consulate General of the Republic of Vietnam  
 National Library of the Philippines  
 Australian High Commission  
 British High Commission  
 New Zealand High Commission  
 Dr. George L. Hicks

With the continued growth of the collection, the space problem within the library became increasingly acute in the course of the year. Material has now been stored on top of every stack, books are being shelved on their edges and purchases cannot be unpacked because of the lack of shelving as a result of which an increasing proportion of the collection is now inaccessible or not easily accessible. It is estimated that the excess squeezed into the present accommodation

amounts to more than one year's expansion and unless the proposed extension can be completed soon, the shortage of space will seriously affect the growth and utilization of the collection.

A start has been made on the press cuttings project which utilizes the newspaper subscriptions after they have been microfilmed. The files are arranged on a biographical basis and in the first phase of the project, cuttings have been made from two Indonesian newspapers covering the period December 1969 to January 1971.

The family of the late Tun Dato Sir Cheng Lock Tan placed eighteen folios of his papers, comprising about 2,000 documents, in the Institute's custody under conditions set out by Deed. One of the conditions requires the Institute to provide the donor with a microfilm copy of the documents. In fulfillment of this condition, a descriptive list of the documents is being prepared for filming and for eventual publication. By the end of the report year, Folios I — VII comprising half the collection, have been described and filmed. Work on the remainder is proceeding and will be completed shortly.

In May last year, the Librarian attended the First General Conference of the Southeast Asian Regional Branch of the International Council on Archives held in Manila. The paper she presented formed the basis of a set of guide-lines adopted for regional international co-operation in microfilm projects. The Conference also set up a Regional Microfilm Clearing-House jointly with the Conference of Southeast Asian Librarians and appointed the Librarian as Co-ordinator. The Librarian also continued her duties as one of the editors of the proceedings of the First Conference of Southeast Asian Librarians. Miss Quah Swee Lan, Assistant Librarian, attended the Conference on Scientific and Technical Information Needs for Malaysia and Singapore organized by the Library Associations of Malaysia and Singapore and held in Kuala Lumpur in September 1971. Through such sup-

port for and participation in regional activities, the library maintains and strengthens the Institute's relations with other Southeast Asian institutions and contributes to endeavours towards regional co-operation.

### Finance

The Institute continued to draw financial support from three main sources: the Government of Singapore, the Endowment Fund and other donations. Government grant for the year totalled \$367,540/- while the Endowment Fund at year's end totalled \$835,000/-. The Institute is pleased to report that various Foundations and individuals have been kind enough to make donations to the Institute in order to assist in the implementation of its various research programmes. The Institute is particularly grateful to the Asia Foundation, Ford Foundation, Lee Foundation and Shaw Foundation for their very generous support. (See Appendix VI for a list of donors and amounts donated for various projects and Appendix VII for the Balance Sheet of the Institute).

— :000: —

Appended herewith is the report of the retiring Director, Professor Josef Silverstein, for the period under review.

### DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The past year was an important one for the Institute. It marked its transformation from an organization striving to develop its resources and to find its mission, to a professional smooth running centre of specialized research with growing international reputation and standing. With the appointment of a permanent Executive Secretary, the staff broke its final link of dependency upon the Government of Singapore as the source for key personnel on a temporary loan basis. The library reached a point where scholars in Australia and America, as well as in Southeast Asia, are writing to request permission to consult and use its holdings. The collections

developed depth in several areas and it is possible to do original research on all countries of Southeast Asia. In addition, the professional library staff pursued research along with its central task of building the collection and organizing it for ready reference. Finally, the young professional research staff of the Institute grew to six and will soon reach its projected strength of eight. All were trained abroad; each has earned the M.A. and acquired competency in a language other than English, Mandarin or Malay.

The intellectual problem during the year under review was how to utilize these resources in the most creative and productive way. After careful planning, the Institute launched its study of Oil Discovery and Technical Change in Southeast Asia. The purpose was to examine the social, economic, political and legal aspects of this phenomenon. In addition, the staff prepared the background papers for the Trends seminars, helped in planning the future programmes of the Institute, and managed to work on independent research projects initiated during their graduate training period.

As noted elsewhere, the Institute took its place as a publisher of regional research on the area. The **Occasional Papers** and **Library Bulletins** were prepared and distributed by the administrative staff, while the monographs and lengthy studies appeared under the joint imprint of the Institute and the Singapore University Press. Next year a new series published in conjunction with Oxford University Press will appear.

Encouraged by the success of its Seminar on Modernization in Southeast Asia in January 1971, the Institute began to plan its next international meeting in July 1972. The obvious theme for such a meeting was an examination of the new directions in international relations in Southeast Asia. Given the changing situation in Sino-American relations, the growing economic role of Japan and the interest of the Soviet Union in the region, and the new thinking within Southeast

Asia about its future in regional and world affairs, the subject for the conference clearly emerged from all other possibilities. Thus, a great part of the year was taken up with the planning of this event. Scholars, government officials, diplomats and journalists have been invited from throughout the world; however, since the aim of the meeting is to permit Southeast Asian representatives to formulate their problems and articulate their ideas, a majority of participants will come from the region.

Planning also began on the anticipated move of the Institute to its permanent home on the new campus of the University of Singapore. Although the actual move is not scheduled until 1976, it was necessary to begin to look ahead in order to anticipate space needs and arrangements in order to accomplish the several tasks the Institute has already assumed and future missions it may adopt.

Where are we and where do we go from here? The Institute is established, organized and thriving; it has begun to define its interests, to make a contribution to scholarship in general and to the intellectual life of Singapore in particular. Through its seminars, publications and library, it is an accepted part of the intellectual scene in Southeast Asia.

It is time therefore, to look ahead and plan its future. This will be the main task of the new Director, who will assume the office in late July or early August 1972. The present Director can only suggest some of the ways the Institute might go and leave it to the Board and the new Director to make the final decisions.

One possible development might be the gradual transformation of the Institute into a graduate centre of public affairs, along the lines of the Woodrow Wilson School at Princeton University in the U.S.A. Given the library, the staff and the publications programme, the basic ingredients for such a transformation are already

in existence. If the Institute were to add one or two distinguished teaching appointments to its staff it could widen its present activities from research alone to teaching and research.

It should be a graduate centre devoted to training professionals in the civil service, foreign service and the armed forces; by working in conjunction with the Faculty of Law and the Departments of Economics, History, Political Science and Sociology, it could create an original and imaginative course of study leading to a Master's degree in Public Affairs. Each student could take courses, participate in seminars and write a thesis. Teaching would stimulate our staff and their work on the frontiers of knowledge; would give a select group of students new ideas and greater understanding of the modernization process and the developments taking place in the region. If we add to the above the fact that the Institute now attracts leading scholars on Southeast Asia from throughout the world, it will be seen that such a professional school could provide the kind of training capable of producing outstanding leaders; their presence could contribute to the intellectual life and environment of the Institute. The interests of teachers, students and researchers would nourish the growth of research on Southeast Asia.

A centre of public affairs is needed both in Singapore and the area of Southeast Asia. All too often, key government officials are sent abroad to Europe and America for a year for the kind of training I suggested above because there is no such institution in Southeast Asia. It is time for such a centre to be created. The course of study should focus upon the modernizing process in the region and case studies should be developed out of local and Asian experiences. By inviting leading scholars from throughout the world to lecture or conduct seminars, it could become a centre for the professional training which might attract candidates from other Southeast Asian countries as well.

This is but one idea; many others will be advanced by the Board and the future Director. It is time for the Board to create a long range planning committee to look to the future.

The challenge of the future however, should not obscure the immediate problems. As noted in last year's Report and in the earlier section of this one, the Institute has an acute shortage of space at its present quarters. Thanks to the efforts of many local businessmen, under the leadership of Mr. Leonard Rayner, a new building of eight offices and a seminar room is slowly taking shape. Once it is completed, it will solve only a

part of the problem. The existing building too must be altered to accommodate the enlarged library and activities of the professional staff. Whether or not these measures will suffice until the Institute moves in 1976 remains to be seen. Clearly the immediate problem of space must be dealt with now or all the Institute's activities will slow down and may even stop. This would be a tragedy in the light of the progress made to date.

To sum up, the year has been a milestone marking the coming of age of the Institute. It is time to solve its immediate housing problems and to begin planning its long range future.

## Board of Trustees

NAME	Appointed by		
Mr. David Marshall (Chairman)	President	Mr. Lau Theng Siak	Lee Foundation
		Dr. Lim Chee Then	University of Singapore
*Mr. Eric Khoo Cheng Lock (Deputy Chairman)	President	*Miss Lim Hsiu Mei	President
		Professor Ooi Jin Bee	University of Singapore
*Mr. Alwee Alkaff	Malay Chamber of Commerce	Mr. D.D. Sachdev	Indian Chamber of Commerce
Dr. Ang Kok Ping	Nanyang University	Dr. Sharom Ahmat	University of Singapore
*Mr. Chang Hin Chong	President	Mr. Shaw Vee Meng	Shaw Foundation
*Dr. Cheng Siok Hwa	Nanyang University	*Dr. Augustine Tan	President
Dr. David Chew	University of Singapore	Mrs. Ann Wee	University of Singapore
Dr. T. Eames-Hughes	International Chamber of Commerce	Mr. Wee Mon Cheng	Chinese Chamber of Commerce
*Mr. Gwee Yee Hean	President	*Mr. Eugene Wijesingha	President
Professor Jacen T. Hsieh	Nanyang University	*Mr. Dick Wilson	President
Mr. Kwan Sai Kheong	President		

\*denotes new appointments

# Advisory Committees

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

1. Professor Josef Silverstein (Chairman)
2. Mr. Gwee Yee Hean
3. Professor Jacen T. Hsieh
4. Mr. Kwan Sai Kheong
5. Miss Lim Hsiu Mei
6. Mrs. Patricia Lim
7. Dr. Augustine Tan
8. Mr. Wee Mon Cheng
9. Mr. Chew Kai Seng (Secretary)

## FINANCE COMMITTEE

1. Professor Josef Silverstein (Chairman)
2. Mr. Chew Kai Seng
3. Mr. Kwan Sai Kheong
4. Mr. James Loh
5. Mr. Wee Mon Cheng

## FELLOWSHIP COMMITTEE

1. Professor Josef Silverstein (Chairman)
2. Dr. Ang Kok Ping
3. Mr. Gwee Yee Hean
4. Professor Ooi Jin Bee

## SCHOLARSHIP COMMITTEE

1. Professor Josef Silverstein (Chairman)
2. Mr. Chew Kai Seng
3. Professor Jacen T. Hsieh
4. Secretary, Public Service Commission
5. Dr. Augustine Tan

## PUBLICATIONS COMMITTEE

1. Dr. David Chew
2. Dr. Hans-Dieter Evers
3. Dr. Sharom Ahmat
4. Professor Josef Silverstein
5. Mrs. Ann Wee
6. Dr. Ruth Wong

## RESEARCH ADVISORY COMMITTEE

1. Professor Josef Silverstein (Chairman)
2. Professor Syed Hussein Alatas
3. Professor Jacen T. Hsieh
4. Mr. Kwan Sai Kheong
5. Professor Lim Chong Yah
6. Dr. Ruth Wong
7. Professor You Poh Seng

(71/72)

RESEARCH FELLOWS

Name	Nationality	Title of Research Project
1. Dr. Eva Horakova	Czech	Selected Aspects of Population Migrations in the Philippines, with special emphasis on Luzonese migrants in Mindanao in the 20th century.
2. Mr. Mochtar Naim	Indonesian	A Study of the Reasons and Patterns of Minangkabau voluntary migration.
3. Mr. Usman Gani	Indonesian	The Development of Secondary Education in South Sumatra Province.
4. Mr. Lau Teik Soon	Malaysian	(i) Malaysia - Singapore Foreign Policies in Southeast Asia, 1965 - 70. (ii) Aspects of Indonesian Foreign Policy.
5. Mr. Lee Boon Hiok	Singaporean	The Singapore Civil Service and its Perceptions of Time.
6. Prof. Achmad Sanusi	Indonesian	Development Administration and Social Changes at the Dessa-level: with special reference to West Java.
7. Dr. Otto Sutomo Roesnadi	Indonesian	Political Role of KAMI.
8. Mr. Sum Chong Hong	Singaporean	Graduate Employment Survey..

VISITING RESEARCH FELLOWS

Name	Nationality	Title of Research Project
1. Mr. Loh Chee Seng	Malaysian	Sabah Timber Industry.
2. Mr. Martin Rudner	Canadian	Educational Policy in the Economic and Political Development of Malaysia and Singapore.
3. Dr. William R. Roff	British	The Structure of Islamic Institutions and Islamic Authority in the Malay Peninsula and maritime Southeast Asia during the period, 1786-1867.
4. Dr. Judith A. Nagata	British	A Comparative Study of Urban Malays in Malaysia.

GRADUATE STUDENTS

Name	Nationality	Title of Research Project
1. Mr. Stanley S. Bedlington	British	An Analysis of the Singapore Peoples' Action Party as a Mobilizing and Integrative Agent.

Name	Nationality	Title of Research Project
2. Mr. Michael R. Godley	American	The Policy of the Ch'ing Dynasty toward the Overseas Chinese in Southeast Asia from 1900 to the Chinese Revolution, and conversely, the Attitudes and Motivations of those Chinese in Nan Yang who decided to support the Manchu Cause.
3. Mr. Llewellyn D. Howell, Jr.	American	Expressed Attitudes of National Accommodation in Southeast Asia.
4. Mr. Harold E. Wilson	Canadian	Higher Education in Singapore; Continuity and Change.
5. Mr. Hans U. Luther	German	Government Policies in Singapore.
6. Mr. David W. Opdyke	American	Regional Political Leadership and Organization in Indonesia.
7. Mrs. Margaret Roff	British	Southeast Asian Politics.

#### ORAL HISTORY

1. Mr. Gerald de Cruz	Singaporean	Oral History Project
-----------------------	-------------	----------------------



## LIST OF REGIONAL SEMINARS

## 1. "Trends in Southeast Asia: Malaysia" held on 19th June 1971

**Speakers:**

Professor Lim Chong Yah	—	University of Singapore
Mr. James Morgan	—	<b>Far Eastern Economic Review</b>
Dr. Ahmad Ibrahim	—	University of Malaya
Dr. Lau Teik Soon	—	ISEAS Fellow
Dr. Mahathir bin Mohamad	—	Independent Malay Leader
Professor Syed Hussein Alatas	—	University of Singapore
Mr. Alex Lee	—	M.C.A.

## 2. "Trends in Southeast Asia: Philippines" held on 11th December 1971

**Speakers:**

Dr. Sixtos Roxas	—	BANCOM
Dr. O.D. Corpus	—	Funds for Assistance to Private Education
Mrs. Mary Hollnsteiner	—	Ateneo de Manila
Mr. Maximo Soliven	—	<b>Manila Times</b>

## LIST OF OCCASIONAL SEMINARS

(Names of Speakers appear in alphabetical order)

1. Dr. E.N. Anderson, "The Human Ecology of Chinese Fishermen in Penang". (14.6.71)
2. Mr. Jerome Bass, "The Asia Society — SEADAG: Structure and Objectives". (13.1.72)
3. Dr. Ratna Dutta "The Leadership of Mrs. Gandhi: An Appraisal". (26.5.71)
4. Mr. Usman Gani, "Development of Secondary School Education in South Sumatra". (28.5.71)
5. Dr. Amran Halim, "Some Sociological Aspects of South Sumatran Folklore". (28.2.72)
6. Mr. John Hoffman, "Dutch Policies and Assumptions in the Straits Area after the Capture of Malacca: Early and Persisting Effects". (1.12.71)
7. Mr. Michael Howard, "The Role of Singapore in British Defence Planning". (27.9.71)
8. Mr. Joel S. Kahn, "A Preliminary Report on Anthropological Fieldwork in a Minangkabau Blacksmiths' Village". (8.6.71)
9. Mr. Yuzo Kato, "Present and Future Relations Between China and Japan". (2.11.71)
10. Dr. Kazumi Kobayashi, "Japan's Economic Development and Its Implications for Southeast Asia". (3.3.72)
11. Mr. Lau Teik Soon, "Indonesia and Regional Security: The Djakarta Conference on Cambodia". (19.11.71)
12. Mr. Lee Boon Hiok, "Singapore Civil Service and Its Perceptions of Time". (27.8.71)
13. Prof. R. William Liddle, "Recent Economic and Political Developments in Indonesia". (12.10.71)
14. Mr. Ferdinand Z. Littaua, "Student Activism and Its Implications in the Philippines". (4.11.71)
15. Mr. Loh Chee Seng, "Sabah Timber Industry and Economic Developments in Sabah". (8.10.71)
16. Prof. Mario G. Losano, "Problems of Computerization in the Public Administration of Developing Countries". (10.6.71)
17. Mr. J.A.C. Mackie, "The Indonesian Elections and Its Effects". (24.8.71)
18. Miss Muni Mattoo, "Impression of Politics and Foreign Policy after a Recent Trip to the Philippines". (16.3.72)
19. Prof. Robert F. Meagher, "The Role of Law in the Development Process". (6.7.71)
20. Prof. Klaus Mehnert, "Peking and Moscow". (27.3.72)
21. Dr. Judith A. Nagata, "Situational Selection of Ethnic Identity in the Penang Muslim Urban Community". (8.2.72)
22. Mr. Mochtar Naim, "Merantau: Reasons and Patterns of Minangkabau Voluntary Migration". (16.4.71)

23. Mr. Mochtar Naim, "Why Merantau: Preliminary Findings of research project **Minangkabau Voluntary Migration**". (31.1.72)
24. Dr. K.S. Nijhar, "The Second Malaysia Five-Year Plan". (13.10.71)
25. Dr. Masashi Nishihara "The Background to Indonesian — Japanese Relations 1958-1965". (17.9.71)
26. Prof. R. J. O'Neill, "Peking-Hanoi Relations". (22.6.71)
27. Prof. M. S. Rajan, "The Bangla Desh Question". (28.9.71)
28. Dr. Anthony Reid, "Social Revolution within the Indonesian Struggle for Independence". (28.3.72)
29. Dr. Michael W. Roberts, "The Peoples' Liberation Front in Ceylon and its Abortive Revolution". (8.10.71)
30. Dr. Otto Sutomo Roesnadi, "The Political Role of the Indonesian Students". (17.2.72)
31. Prof. William Roff, "Autobiography and Biography in Malay Historical Studies". (24.3.72)
32. Mr. Martin Rudner, "Some Thoughts on Israel and Southeast Asia". (25.8.71)
33. Dr. Achmad Sanusi, "Some Preliminary Thoughts on Social Change at the Desa Level in West Java". (1.9.71)
34. Prof. J. Silverstein, "Thoughts on Burma after a Seven-Day Visit". (1.3.72)
35. Mr. John E. Smart, "Household Dynamics Among a Philippine Mountain People". (9.11.71)
36. Prof. Ninian Smart, "Some Social Implications of Religion in Southeast Asia". (4.6.71)
37. Prof. A.W. Stargardt, "Problems of Neutrality in Southeast Asia". (15.6.71)
38. Mr. Sum Chong Hong, "University Education and Employment". (11.8.71)
39. Mr. Yong Mun Cheong, "Priangan, 1914-1927: A Study of the Political World of the Prijaji". (7.1.72)

## LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

Title	No. Printed	Price per copy	No. sold or exchanged	No. on hand as at 31-3-72
O.P. 3 — Nation-building in Southeast Asia: The Singapore Case by Chan Heng Chee (reprint).	112	\$ 1	61	51
O.P. 4 — Problems of Filipino Settlers by Eva Horakova.	300	2	268	32
O.P. 5 — Merantau: Causes and Effects of Minangkabau Voluntary Migration by Mochtar Naim.	300	2	264	36
O.P. 6 — Youth in Southeast Asia: A Bibliography Compiled by Paul Pedersen. Modified and Expanded by Joseph B. Tamney and Others.	398	4	293	105
O.P. 7 — Cambodia and the Sihanouk Myths by J.L.S. Girling.	300	2	289	11
O.P. 8 — Japanese Industrialisation and the Developing Countries: Model, Warning or Source of Healthy Doubts? by R.P. Dore.	300	2	235	65
O.P. 9 — The 1948 Communist Revolt in Malaysia: A Note on Historical Sources and Interpretation by Michael Stenson. A Reply by Gerald de Cruz.	300	3	241	59
O.P. 10 — Social Status and Bureaucratic Contacts Among the Public Housing Tenants in Singapore by Riaz Hassan.	300	2	188	112
L.B. 2 — Oil Discovery and Technical Change in Southeast Asia. A Preliminary Bibliography compiled by Quah Swee Lan.	400	2	291	109
L.B. 3 — Directory of Microfilm Facilities in Southeast Asia. Compiled by P. Lim Pui Huen.	300	2	126	174
Trends in Southeast Asia — No. 2 Proceedings and Background Paper of Seminar on Trends in Malaysia.	550	5	520	30
	3,560		2,776	784

Income from sales of publications = \$2,031.00

Cost of publications = \$2,172.00

## LIST OF DONORS TO THE INSTITUTE 1971/72

Name	Sum donated	Project
Mr. D.D. Sachdev	\$ 5,000.00	Endowment Fund.
Esso Standard S'pore Pte. Ltd.	50,000.00	Endowment Fund.
Ford Foundation	34,310.25	Final payment of grant for staff and library development.
Asia Foundation	3,700.00	Partial support of seminar on "Trends in the Philippines".
Singapore Turf Club	5,000.00	Additional sum for support of a Singapore scholar overseas.
Lee Foundation, Singapore	1,300.00	Partial grant towards Mr. Lee Boon Hiok's research "The Singapore Civil Service and Its Perceptions of Time".
Asia Foundation	10,000.00	Grant towards research project on "Oil Discovery and Technical Change".
Lee Foundation	15,000.00	Grant towards Conference on New Directions in the International Relations of Southeast Asia.
Asia Foundation	12,000.00	Grant towards Conference on New Directions in the International Relations of Southeast Asia.
Asia Foundation	7,200.00	Grant for "Oral History Project".

**INSTITUTE OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN STUDIES INCOME & EXPENDITURE  
ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1972**

<b>EXPENDITURE</b>		<b>INCOME</b>	
Expenditure as per Statement I attached	\$507,266.12	Grant from The Government	\$367,540.00
		Donations	39,310.25
		Interest from Fixed Deposits	74,544.45
		Miscellaneous Receipts	3,521.37
			484,916.07
		Balance (Deficit for the year) transferred to General Fund	22,350.05
	\$507,266.12		\$507,266.12

**BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 1972**

<b>FUNDS</b>		<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>	
<b>GENERAL FUND</b>		<b>CASH</b>	
Balance as at 1st April 1971	136,697.06	In Hand	324.58
<b>Less:</b>		At Bank	26,737.83
Deficit for the year	22,350.05		\$27,062.41
	\$114,347.01		
<b>ENDOWMENT FUND</b>		<b>FIXED DEPOSITS WITH BANKS</b> on account of —	
Balance as at 1st April 1971	780,000.00	General Fund	85,000.00
Add: Donations received during the year	55,000.00	Endowment Fund	835,000.00
	835,000.00	Funds for seminars & Projects	37,600.00
			957,600.00
<b>FUNDS FOR SEMINARS AND PROJECTS</b>		<b>SUNDRY DEPOSITS</b>	5,610.00
As Per Statement II attached	40,925.40		
	\$990,272.41		\$990,272.41

**INSTITUTE OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN STUDIES — SINGAPORE**  
**STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1972**

Allocation	Amount Budgeted (incorporating subsequent transfers, if any)		Expenditure
Directorship	\$ 52,000.00		\$ 48,538.76
Staff Emoluments	191,850.00		191,842.22
Superannuation	23,700.00		23,695.81
Fellowships	83,390.00		68,720.02
Scholarships	44,490.00		33,139.99
Library Acquisitions	101,620.00		101,613.85
Library Binding & Stationery	5,000.00		5,000.00
General Expenses —			
Auditor's Honorarium	300.00	300.00	
Entertainment	900.00	900.00	
Insurance of Contents of Premises	670.00	660.38	
Local Transport	400.00	331.80	
Maintenance (including insurance & Road Tax) of Motor Car	3,000.00	2,883.70	
Maintenance of Premises, equipment & Furniture	4,000.00	3,428.23	
Medical Benefits	1,970.00	1,807.85	
Miscellaneous	380.00	378.22	
Postage & Telegrams	2,730.00	2,722.83	
Public Utilities	4,400.00	4,396.07	
Stationery & Printing	2,620.00	2,611.79	
Telephones	2,100.00	2,091.21	22,512.08
Conference, Seminars, Field Research & Other Overseas Travelling on Institute Business	5,000.00		4,644.79
Publications, Bibliographical & Translation Services	3,000.00		2,831.35
Local Conferences & Seminars	1,260.00		675.25
Building Plan Fees	1,740.00		1,734.00
Equipment & Furniture	2,360.00		2,318.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$538,880.00</b>		<b>\$507,266.12</b>

---

---

INSTITUTE OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN STUDIES — SINGAPORE  
STATEMENT OF FUNDS FOR SEMINARS & PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1972

Fund for Seminar on "Modernization in Southeast Asia"

Balance as at 1st April 1971	\$3,515.45	
Less: Expenditure during the year	<u>3,515.45</u>	NIL

Fund for Seminar on "Youth in Southeast Asia"

Balance as at 1st April 1971	3,260.90	
Less: Expenditure during the year	<u>2,120.72</u>	

Balance transferred to Fund for Seminar on "New Directions in the International Relations of Southeast Asia"	<u>1,140.18</u>	NIL
--	-----------------	-----

Fund for Project on "Oil Discovery & Technical Change in Southeast Asia"

Balance as at 1st April 1971	725.15	
Add: Donation received during the year	<u>10,000.00</u>	

Less: Expenditure during the year	<u>10,725.15</u>	
	<u>2,330.25</u>	

8,394.90



Brought Forward	STATEMENT II (cont.)	
Fund for Seminar on "Trends in the Philippines"		8,394.90
Donation received during the year	3,700.00	
Fees received from Participants during the year	560.00	
	<u>4,260.00</u>	
Less: Expenditure during the year	4,250.00	
	<u>10.00</u>	NIL
Fund for Seminar on "New Directions in the International Relations of Southeast Asia"		
Donations received during the year	27,000.00	
Add: Transfers from —		
Fund for Seminar on "Youth in Southeast Asia"	1,140.18	
Fund for Seminar on "Trends in the Philippines"	10.00	
	1,150.18	
	<u>28,150.18</u>	
Less: Expenditure during the year	110.00	
		<u>28,040.18</u>
Fund for Project on "Oral History"		
Donation received during the year	7,200.00	
Less: Expenditure during the year	2,709.68	
	<u>4,490.32</u>	4,490.32
Fund for Seminar on "Trends in Malaysia"		
Donations received during the year	651.50	
Less: Expenditure during the year	651.50	
	<u>NIL</u>	
Total of unspent balances of above funds as at 31st March 1972		<u>\$40,925.40</u>